Southville Primary Scho		Year 6	
Local Anchor Point	Visit/ Visitor	Key Person	Key Outcome
Bristol Heart Institute	Linked to 'Lifeskills' visit	William Harvey	Educational leaflet explaining puberty to younger children.
Diversity, Equity and Inclusion		Linked Learning	
The unit incorporates how all humans are the same internally no matter race or geography. We also talk about how skin colour is a genetic protection and is solely dependent on ancestry.		Animals (including humans) SRE - built on from KS1 onwards.	
Driver 1: Science		Driver 2: SRE (Science and PSHE)	
What are the different bodily systems and how do they work together?		How and why do our bodies change as we mature?	
Driver 1 Objectives		Driver 2 Objectives	
Animals, including humans		Science / PSHE	
 identify and name the main parts of the human circulatory system, and explain the functions of the heart, blood vessels and blood (including the pulse and clotting). recognise the impact of diet, exercise, drugs and lifestyle on the way their bodies function. describe the ways in which nutrients and water are transported within animals, including humans taking measurements, using a range of scientific equipment, with increasing accuracy and precision, taking repeat readings when appropriate recording data and results of increasing complexity using scientific diagrams and labels, classification keys, tables, scatter graphs bar and line graphs using test results to make predictions to set up further comparative and fair tests. 		 I can explain how girls' and boys' bodies change during puberty and understand the importance of looking after yourself physically and emotionally I understand how being physically attracted to someone changes the nature of the relationship and what that might mean about having a girlfriend/boyfriend I am aware of the importance of a positive self-esteem and what I can do to develop it I can identify what I am looking forward to and what worries me about the transitio to secondary school /or moving to my next class. I can describe how a baby develops from conception through the nine months of pregnancy, and how it is born I know how to develop my own self esteem I can express how I feel about the changes that will happen to me during puberty I understand that respect for one another is essential in a relationship, and that I should not feel pressured into doing something I don't want to I can express how I feel about my self-image and know how to challenge negative 'body-talk' I know how to prepare myself emotionally for the changes next year. I can recognise how I feel when I reflect on the development and birth of a baby 	

SOUTHVILLE

Driver 1 Disciplinary Knowledge and Skills	Driver 2 Disciplinary Knowledge and Skills	
 This is knowing how to carry out practical procedures using different equipment and to collect, use, interpret, understand and evaluate the evidence from scientific processes: Planning: Asking questions, fair testing, setting up simple tests Doing: Using different equipment safely, making systematic and careful observations Recording: Obtaining evidence, classifying and identifying, recording findings in a variety of ways (e.g. drawings, labelled diagrams, keys, bar charts, graphs and tables) Concluding: Suggesting answers, reporting, presenting (in oral and written forms) Evaluating: Seeking patterns, making predictions for the future 	 Relationships and Safety: Understanding and managing healthy relationships, personal safety, and respectful behavior. Emotional Well-being: Developing emotional resilience and understanding how to manage emotions effectively. Health and Well-being: Recognizing the importance of physical health, exercise, and making informed choices about food and lifestyle. 	
Driver 1 Key Vocabulary	Driver 2 Key Vocabulary	
 Tier 2: changes, exercise, lifestyle, diet, nutrients, water, health, energy, function, process, organs, support, protection, interaction, balance, teamwork Tier 3: circulatory system, heart, blood, blood vessels, pumps, oxygen, carbon dioxide, veins, capillaries, oxygenated, de-oxygenated, pulse, ventricle, atrium, arteries, aorta, respiratory system, lungs, respiration, digestive system, oesophagus, stomach, large intestine, small intestine, drugs, nervous system, brain, spinal cord, immune system, lymph nodes 	 Science: changes, puberty and words associated with, penis, vagina, cervix, uterus (womb), fallopian tubes, ovary semen, sperm, pregnancy, embryo, foetus, placenta, umbilical cord, labour contractions, cervix, midwife PSHE: self-image, self-esteem, real self, celebrity, positive relationships, opportunities, freedoms, responsibilities, independence 	

Driver 1 Sequence	Driver 2 Sequence	
 WALT: explain the functions of different parts of the circulatory system. WALT: recognise the connection between the respiratory and the circulatory systems. WALT: describe the functions of blood. WALT: measure our recovery rate following exercise. WALT: Write a formal scientific method. WALT: represent experimental data on a bar chart WALT: write a discussion to explain the results obtained in a scientific experiment. WALT: describe how nutrients and water are transported in the digestive system. 	 WALT: recognise the different types of relationships and what makes them work. WALT: recognise the physical and emotional changes that take place during puberty. WALT: understand how important personal hygiene is and how to achieve it. WALT: describe the role of the menstrual cycle). WALT: understand the process of fertilisation). WALT: recognise how a foetus develops. WALT: understand what sanitary products are available to use during menstruation. 	