ear 5: Now the	t's what I call the 1960s	Essential Learning	
		By the end of this term, you will have learnt	
		 To identify and discuss the influence of a range as artistic and musical works (Art/ Music / Histor) To describe key events from the 1960s and und at the time and their legacy (History) To analyse the content and features of narrative have written your own to present historical even (English/History) To use persuasive language and design to create the arrange facts in chronological order to write a (recount) To use a range of printing techniques (Art) The properties of a range of materials, including considered their variety of uses (Science / Art) 	ry) lerstood their influence e lyrics (poetry) and to it information te a poster (English) an engaging biography
Hook Day *Explore our new books *Create a collage of faces from the 1960s. *A timeline of the 1960s. *An introduction to 1960s dance	Block 1: Social Change To write the poetic lyrics to a sor (classic narrative poems), you w *Analyse the rhythm, themes and ideas of lyrics *Learn about key events that shaped the 1960s and cultural change, including the Bristol Boycott. *Similarities and changes betwee 1960s and now, including fashion	n	Block 3: Famous figures To write your biography (recount) of a celebrity i the 1960s, you will: *Learn about the influence of key individuals including artists, musicians and designers and re-create some famous works.

Year 5: / National Curriculum Links

Art/DT (From school's progression map)

- Develop and imaginatively extend ideas from starting points throughout the curriculum.
- Use the qualities of materials to enhance ideas.
- Spot the potential in unexpected results as work progresses.
- Comment on artworks with a fluent grasp of visual language.
- Develop a personal style by drawing upon ideas from other artists.
- Mix textures (rough and smooth, plain and patterned).
- Build up layers of colours.
- Create an accurate pattern, showing fine detail (printing).
- Give details (including own sketches) about the style of some notable artists and designers.
- Show how the work of those studied was influential in both society and to other artists.
- Create original pieces that show a range of influences and styles.

Science

[Cross-curricular with Science]

- Identify, group and classify materials.
- Compare and group together everyday materials on the basis of their properties,
- Give reasons, based on evidence from comparative and fair tests, for the particular uses of everyday materials, including metals, wood and plastic.
- Work scientifically by: carrying out tests to answer questions, for example, 'Which materials would be the most effective for making a warm jacket, for making a swimming costume, or for making blackout curtains?'
- Explain that some changes result in the formation of new materials, and that this kind of change is not usually reversible.
- Research and discuss how chemical changes have an impact on our lives and discuss the creative use of new materials such as polymers and superthin materials.

 History Show an awareness of the concept of propaganda and how historians must understand the social context of evidence studied. Identify continuity and change in the history of the locality of the school. Describe the social, ethnic, cultural or religious diversity of past society. Describe the main changes in a period of history (using terms such as: social, religious, political, technological and cultural). Identify periods of rapid change in history Use chronology, dates and terms accurately when describing events on a timeline. Use appropriate historical vocabulary to communicate, including: dates, era, decade and legacy. Use original ways to present information and ideas (narrative lyrics). 	Key vocabulary: propaganda social change continuity change diversity chronology dates era decade legacy classify comparative and fair test reversible
 Use original ways to present information and ideas (narrative lyrics). 	•

